



# **TECH TALK**

## "Insider Tips to Make Your Business Run Faster, Easier and More Profitable"

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We love technology and we love helping people.

Give me a call today for a quick (non-salesy) chat to find out whether my team and I can help you better secure your data and get more out of your existing technology!

- Scott Spivey

### SPOTTING THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN MALWARE AND RANSOMWARE

Bad software includes malware and What is Ransomware? ransomware. They can damage your computer or steal your data. It is critical to understand the difference between them to protect yourself and your business effectively. This article will help you understand both types of threats.

#### What is Malware?

Malware is a general term that means "malicious software." This includes many types of harmful programs. Malware can do different bad things to your computer, such as corrupting files or stealing personal information.

#### **Types of Malware**

There are many types of malware. Here are some common ones:

- Viruses: These spread from one computer to another.
- Worms: They can copy themselves without your help.
- Trojans: They trick you into thinking they're good programs.
- **Spyware:** This type watches what you do on your computer.

#### **What Malware Does**

Malware can cause a lot of problems. It might:

- Slow down your computer
- Delete your files
- Steal your personal info
- Use your computer to attack

Ransomware is a type of malware. It locks your files or your entire computer. Then it demands money to unlock them. It is a form of digital kidnapping of your data.

#### **How Ransomware Works**

Ransomware goes by a pretty basic pattern:

- 1. It infects your computer, normally through an e-mail or
- 2. It encrypts your files. This means it locks them with a secret code.
- 3. It displays a message. The message requests money to decrypt your files.
- 4. You may be provided with a key to unlock the files if you pay. In other cases, the attackers abscond with your money.

#### **Types of Ransomware**

There are primarily two types of ransomware:

- 1. Locker ransomware: This locks the whole computer.
- 2. Crypto ransomware: This only encrypts your files.

#### How are Malware and **Ransomware Different?**

- Malware: Harm your computer, steal data, or use your computer
- Ransomware: Lock your files and demand payment.

#### Methods

- Malware: Works in secret. You might not know it's there.
- Ransomware: Shows up. It needs to make its presence known on your computer and demand money for its removal.

#### **Effects**

- Malware: There are several different effects malware can have on your computer.
- Ransomware: Computer or important files are always locked.

#### **How Does It Get onto Your** Computer?

#### **Common Entry Points**

- Through email attachments
- Via phony websites
- Via a USB drive with an infection
- From using outdated software

#### **How Can You Protect Yourself?**

- Keep your software up to date
- Use strong passwords
- Don't click on strange links or attachments
- Backup your files regularly

#### Why It Pays to Know the **Difference**

- Better Prevention. The more you know what you are against, the better your chance at taking the right steps to keep yourself safe.
- Faster Response. If you are under attack, knowing what type of threat it is helps you take quicker action.

We want to keep you secure in the face of all of cyberthreats. Contact us if you need more information.



#### **BENQ SCREEENBAR**

BenQ's ScreenBar, an LED monitor light, offers autodimming, a space-saving design, and USB power.

It lets you work comfortably without straining your eyes.

It provides 100% glare-free lighting and lasts up to 50,000 hours.

The ScreenBar supports adjustable brightness and color temperature, fitting all kinds of monitors up to 2.5







### **TOP 10 SECURITY TIPS FOR MOBILE APP USERS**

Mobile applications have become an integral part of our lives. But they system.

Update your phone's operating system. open us up to risks caused by fraudsters who may steal information or damage our phones.

How can you choose safe

Only download from official

Always download your apps from the App Store or Google Play.

#### Check app ratings and reviews.

Before you download an app, see what other people are saying about it.

What should you do before installing an app?

#### Read app permissions.

Apps frequently request permission to access certain parts of your phone. Consider whether they really need that information.

Keep the software on your phone up to date. New updates frequently patch security vulnerabilities.

How can you protect your personal information?

#### Use strong passwords.

Make sure your password is difficult to guess. Do not use the same password for all apps. That way, if a person guesses one password, he or she cannot access all your apps.

### **Enable two-factor authentication.**

Two-factor authentication means an additional step in order to log in. This will make it way harder for bad people to get into your accounts.

What should you be careful about when using apps?

#### Beware of public Wi-Fi.

Public Wi-Fi is never a safe space, it's Lots of apps have additional not recommended to use it. Never use public Wi-Fi on important apps. Wait until you're on a safe network, like the apps for banking.

#### Log out of apps not in use.

Log out of apps whenever you're done using them. This is even more important when the apps hold personal information, such as banking or email apps. In case someone steals your phone, it's much It's not hard to stay safe with harder for them to access such apps.

### How do you protect your apps?

#### Update your apps.

Developers of applications usually fix security issues in updates. Keep updating your apps whenever newer versions get released. It will help in safeguarding your information.

#### Use app security features.

security features, which may include fingerprint locks or face recognition. It's a good idea to switch these on if you can, as they help stop other people from using your apps and accessing your personal information.

### What should you do to stay

mobile apps. Just be careful and think before you act. Only download apps you trust. Keep your phone and apps updated. Use strong passwords and extra security when you can.

Remember, safety is in your hands. And if ever you are confused with any app or anything on how to keep safe, don't hesitate to ask for help. For more mobile app securitytips, feel free to contact us today.

#### IS IT TIME FOR A DEVICE UPGRADE? **CHECK FOR THESE 7 SIGNS**

Technology is fast, and in no time, our gadgets get outdated. It is quite tricky to determine when an upgrade is needed. Here are the seven main signs that it is time to get a new

- Is Your Device Slow and Laggy? Slow performance is a major indicator. If your device takes an eternity to boot up, that might be a sign to get an upgrade. How's Your Battery Life? Battery problems are a clear upgrade sign. If your device dies quickly, it's a red flag. Needing to charge multiple times a day is not normal. A healthy device should last most of the day on one charge.
- charge. Is Your Storage Always Full? Running out of space all the time? That's a good indication that an upgrade is due. It is frustrating when you can't install new apps. Constantly deleting photos and files is a pain. More storage is one great reason to upgrade.
- Are You Missing Out on New Features? New devices boast cool new features. If your

device can't get the latest updates, you're missing out. Newer models often boast

- better cameras and screens.
  They also have faster
  processors and more memory.
  How Old Is Your Device? Age
  plays a huge factor in device
  performance. Most plays a huge factor in device performance. Most smartphones last around 2-3 years, and laptops, perhaps 3-5 years. Older devices struggle with new software and apps. Are Repairs Costing Too Much? If the repair costs are high, upgrading may be wiser. Sometimes, the repair costs are almost equal to a new device. In such cases, it is often better to buy a new one. Does Your Device Support the Latest Software? Older devices often can't run new software. This may be a security risk and also means you miss new features.
- you miss new features. Consider upgrading if your device can't update to the latest OS.

#### Ready for a Fresh Start?

slower device; upgrade to one that will serve you much better. If you need help upgrading, contact us

#### 8 CONSIDERATION **BEFORE BUYING USED TECHNOLOGY**

Here are a few things to consider before purchasing used tech:

- Is the device still supported? Older devices may not receive updates.
- How old is the device? Check when it originally hit the market.
- What's the battery life like? Try to get a rough idea about the battery
- Are there any visible damages? Search for cracks, dents, and water damage.
- Does it come with all accessories? Missing items could mean additional purchases.
- What's the return policy? See if you can take it back if something goes wrong.
- How does the price compare? Compare it with new and used alternatives to make sure you're getting the best deal.
- Can you test it before buying? It's always a good idea to try a device before you buy.

#### **HOW MUCH DEVICE** STORAGE DO YOUR **REALLY NEED?**

Device storage dictates how many applications, photos, and files you can retain on your device. This guide will help you figure out how much storage is actually needed.

- Basic users: 64GB is perfect for email, social media, and light photo taking.
- Average users: For people who take lots of photos and use many apps, <u>128GB to 256GB</u> works to cover many apps, photo libraries, and some video storage.
- Power users: If you work with large files or store lots of media, you need <u>512GB or more</u>. This is for video editing, large game libraries, and huge photo collections.
- Professional users: 1TB or more is common for 4K video production, large datasets, and professional photo editing.

### ALL ABOUT THE NEW U.S. CYBER TRUST MARK

The Cyber Trust Mark is a new smart device label created by the US government to prove that a device is safe.

You may see a shield with the "U.S. Cyber Trust Mark" when device shopping. Here are the key details:

- Devices must go through testing to ensure they meet requirements. Companies send their devices for testing and if a device passes, it gets the mark.
- Any device with the label is safe to use. The Cyber Trust Mark makes shopping simpler. We may simply look for the mark to know which devices are safe.

· If a device doesn't have the mark, that doesn't mean it's not safe.

In this case, you should look into its safety features.

• It will be implemented right away, so you may see it during your next shopping trip. The government wants stores to

#### start using it immediately. Stay Safe and Smart

The Cyber Trust Mark helps us in making informed choices; it's an easy way to know what devices are

If you have any questions about device safety, don't be afraid to ask. We're here to help keep you secure.

# **Support Tickets:**

For the best service, please use the smiley face on your desktop taskbar to create a ticket.





